

## Clinch Valley News.

ED. L. WRIGHT,  
EDITOR & PROPRIETOR.

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FRIDAY, - AUGUST 21, 1896.

1896.

## DEMOCRACY AND THE PEOPLE VS.

## REPUBLICANISM AND WALL ST.

FOR PRESIDENT,  
W. J. BRYAN,  
OF NEBRASKA.

FOR VICE-PRESIDENT,  
A. SEWALL,  
OF MAINE.

FOR CONGRESS-9TH DISTRICT  
S. W. WILLIAMS,  
OF WYTHE COUNTY.

## ANNOUNCEMENTS.

Honorable Samuel W. Williams, Democratic candidate for Congress in the Ninth Congressional District, will address the people on the issues of the campaign at the following times and places:

Abingdon, Washington county, August 24.

Bristol, Virginia, August 25th, at night.

Honaker, Russell county, Sept. 7th.

Lebanon, Russell county, Sept. 8th.

Gaze City, Scott county, Sept. 14th.

Tazewell, Tazewell county, Sept. 22d.

Grundey, Buchanan county, Sept. 29.

Clintwood, Dickenson county, Oct. 1.

Pulaski City, Pulaski county, Oct. 5.

Wytheville, Wythe county, Oct. 12.

Pearisburg, Giles county, Oct. 13.

Newcastle, Craig county, Oct. 15, Circuit Court.

Marion, Smyth county, Oct. 19.

Gladeville, Wise county, Oct. 27.

Blank, special meetings to be hereafter announced.

Inasmuch as the old parties are divided on the currency question voters of every shade of political opinion are earnestly requested to attend these meetings.

J. H. WINSTON, Secy. Chairman.

Hon. Samuel W. Williams will address the people of Tazewell county at the following places:

Pocahontas, Monday, Sept. 21st, at night.

Tazewell, Tuesday, Sept. 22nd, (court day).

Springville, Wednesday, Sept. 23d, 11 a. m.

Dudley's Store, Thursday, Sept. 24, 20 a. m.

Dry Fork, Thursday, Sept. 24, 4 p. m.

Pounding Mill, Friday, Sept. 25, 2 p. m.

Cedar Bluff, Friday, Sept. 25th, 8 p. m.

Midway, Saturday, Sept. 26th, 10 a. m.

Richlands, Saturday, Sept. 26th, 3 p. m.

All cordially invited to attend these meetings.

S. J. Thompson, County Chairman.

Public Speaking.

Judge G. H. Fudge, C. T. Dunkan and others will address the people of Tazewell on Tuesday the day of October (court day) on the issues of the campaign.

S. J. Thompson, County Chairman.

A VALUABLE PRESCRIPTION.

Editor Morrison, of Worthington, Ind., "Sun," writes: "You have a valuable prescription in Electric Bitters, and I can cheerfully recommend it for Constipation and Sick Headache, and as a general system tonic it has no equal." Mrs. Annie Stelle 2625 Cottage Grove Ave., Chicago, was all run down, could not eat nor digest food, had a backache which never left her and felt tired and weary but six bottles of Electric Bitters restored her health and renewed her strength. Price 50 cents and \$1.00. Get a bottle at A. F. Hargrave's Drug Store.

Don't fail to see that big excursion of Prof. Steele's that starts from the Fair Grounds every day during the Fair. For the benefit of those that might want to join the excursion there will be no stopping along the route to see your friends as this train don't stop at the stations. For any information apply to Prof. Steele, Central Hotel.

Don't fail to see this wonderful colored man dive from the clouds at the Tazewell Fair.

Judge Samuel W. Williams, the next Congressman from the 9th district, will address the voters of Tazewell first day of September court.

Hon. S. W. Williams will be a worthy successor to Hon. John A. Buchanan and we predict that Judge Williams will not only be elected by a handsome majority, but will rank with Judge Buchanan as one of the ablest men who ever represented the 9th District.

Col. Polk Miller, of Richmond, who runs a one horse negro minstrel show, tells us through the Richmond Times that he has recently been exhibiting himself and his banjo in several of the North-western States, and that he met no free silver Democrats there. We presume the Col. had on his "burnt cork" during that trip. The "burnt corks" in this section are mostly found in the McKinley congregation.

The labor organizations of Kings County are coming out for Bryan and Sewall. District Assembly No. 220, Knights of Labor, has indorsed the Popercatic ticket, and a concerted movement is being made to have other branches do likewise.—N. Y. Morning Advertiser (Rep.).

Good. New York is getting on the Bryan band wagon and by the time election day comes around the Democrats of the Empire State will be in line fighting for their rights as individuals and against the monopolists within the borders of their own State.

The leading insurance companies of the country have been sending out circulars notifying their policy holders that should Bryan be elected their policies would be paid at the ratio of 50 cents on the dollar. Now, if the above is a fact, we may look for the millennium immediately, for these same insurance companies are making a desperate fight to maintain the single gold standard. Who ever heard of such a thing as a corporation fighting to make their creditors take 100 cents on the dollar when they could settle, as they claim, on a basis of 50 cents. The love the corporations and monopolists have developed for the dear people in the past few months is great, but then the dear people do not seem to appreciate it and are determined to try the 50 cent dollar as the Wall Street gang call it.

Now is the time for that honest election (!) and gold bug journal, the Richmond Times, to win more fame in the line of action which it has laid down for itself. We desire to call the attention of The Times to the fact that one of its gold bug satellites, who has been in Tazewell for some weeks past on business, makes the open avowal on the streets of this town every time that he can get an audience, that he is now for McKinley and against Bryan, and always expatiates on the part he has taken in stuffing ballot boxes in the city of Richmond or he became a convert to The Times' doctrine that a man can honorably make a primary pledge to support a candidate and afterward vote against him. As the party referred to above is a voter in The Times' jurisdiction, we throw out the suggestion that the above named paper take charge of the case as it is an easy one for from the talk of the party in question, we have no doubt he would "fess up" in a court of justice as he seems to be so proud of his record as a ballot box stuffer. For further information address the citizens of Tazewell who have heard him blow.

WE HEARD A Republican make the remark the other day that he was approached on the train on his way to Tazewell by some one who wanted to know his reasons for voting against silver, and he made the following unanswerable reply: "Why, even — could go down to Graham and point to the furnace as a result of the Democratic administration."

The party making the above remark considered it a poser. But what are the facts in the case? How many people in the county of Tazewell ever expected to see the Graham furnace in blast six months after its completion? Ask the men who are opposed to putting iron ore on the free list whether steel can be made from the iron ores of Southwest Va. without being mixed with other ores. If Orban ores could be imported into the United States free of tariff duties then the Graham furnace would not be standing idle from year to year. But then we do not believe it was ever intended the Graham furnace

should be operated, for if it had been it would now be in full blast as other furnaces in this section have been for some time. The Graham furnace answered the purpose of the Northern capitalists back of it, and that is all they desired. They made a big noise over the furnace, sold all or nearly all of their land, pocketed the money and returned North, leaving us at this end of the line the COLD FURNACE. We do not believe there is an individual in this whole section who paid any attention to the booms of three or four years ago, believes now that the Graham furnace was put up for any other purpose than to sell town lots, and after our people had the lots and the Yanks had the money the latter withdrew and left our people with the sack to hold.

THE object lessons now being carried, on by some of the large concerns in this country are quite amusing and will impose on no one but the very ignorant. For instance, some firms are importing Mexican silver dollars and giving their employees two of them for each dollar they owe them. Now, now what has the Mexican silver dollar got to do with our silver dollar? In Mexico that same despised dollar is worth one hundred cents and will buy as much as our boasted gold dollar, but here it is worth its bullion value only. Now, if the gold bugs and calamity howlers want to prove that a silver dollar is only worth 50 cents why don't they use United States coins? Or if they don't want to cheat (?) their employees by paying them with Uncle Sam's silver dollars, why not pay them their wages in gold? That is where the trouble comes in. Where would our large manufacturers get gold enough to pay off their employees for one month in the year, let alone twelve, unless they went to the U. S. Treasury, and if he did, how long would the \$100,000,000 gold reserve last? Why the first month they attempted to pay off in gold the treasury of the U. S. would be emptied and bond issue after bond issue would be the result, so long as our credit remained good. That is the reason there is no gold object lessons. There is not gold enough in the country to pay the wages of the working people in the country one month's wages. Now adopt the gold standard, and the Republican party is trying to force us to do, and what will be the result? Our money, under existing conditions, is growing cheaper and scarcer all the time, farm products do not bring enough to pay for the seed planted, the manufacturers are reducing wages and blaming it on the silver agitation, and the Lord only knows what else is before us, but they tell us we are prosperous under the single gold standard and expect us to believe them. But the time has now come when the people will stand this kind of prosperity no longer, they are arising in their might and in the idea of November will crush beneath a mountain of ballots the golden serpent that has drawn its slimy folds across the threshold of the workingman and causes his loved ones to cry out in distress in this land of plenty for the necessities of life.

My little boy, when two years of age, was taken very ill with bloody flux. I was advised to use Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy, and luckily procured a bottle. I carefully read the directions and gave it accordingly. He was very low, but slowly and surely began to improve, gradually recovered, and is now as stout and strong as ever. I feel sure it saved his life. I never can praise the remedy half its worth. I am sorry every one in the world does not know how good it is, as I do.—Mrs. Lona S. Hinton, Grahamsville, Marion Co., Florida. For sale by A. F. Hargrave Druggist.

SPoons FREE TO ALL  
I read in the Christian Standard that Miss A. M. Fritz, Station A, St. Louis, Mo., would give an elegant plated hook spoon to any one sending her ten 2 cent stamps. I sent for one and found it so useful that I showed it to my friends, and made \$13 in two hours, taking orders for the spoon. The hook spoon is a household necessity. It cannot slip into the dish or cooking vessel, being held in place by a hook on the back. The spoon is something housekeeper have needed ever since spoons were first invented. Any one can get a sample spoon by sending ten 2 cent stamps to Miss Fritz. This is splendid way to make money around home.

Very truly, JEANETTE S.  
Now is the time to subscribe for THE NEWS.

## SILVER IN MEXICO.

### The Free Coinage of Silver Works Like a Charm.

City of Mexico, July 23.

To the Editor of The World:

The writer is residing at and engaged in business in the City of Mexico. He was driven out of the great West of his native country—the United States—on account of the depression and misery brought about by the demonitization of silver. He cannot refrain, therefore, from furnishing a few facts and figures to show that the great New York has been misled about the effects of silver monometallism in Mexico.

No one can doubt the sincerity of The World, no one can question its Democratic nor fail to recognize the enormous power of a newspaper with over three quarters of a million of circulation, for good or evil; you have done to humanity by your relentless war on trust and monopolies and your exposure of crime and that you are wavering on the great question of the day, eager to get at and impart the truth, is evident to every reader, but that your great influence will be swung into line before the close of the campaign in support of the Democratic nominee and platform is here predicted.

True, Mexico is today on a free-silver basis, but instead of misery and depression she presents to the world a condition of conspicuous prosperity unprecedented in her history.

Her silver dollar is worth but 53 cents in gold standard countries, but that same silver dollar is worth 100 cents at home, and buys as much of the native products of her soil as it ever did.

What has been the effect of the gold standard countries treating Mexico's dollar as bullion and refusing to receive it except at bullion value (fifty three cents) today? It has increased her exports and decreased her imports. It has placed her on a basis of industrial independence. It has resulted in an influx of foreign capital to develop her immense interior resources. It has caused manufacturing, mercantile and other industrial enterprises to spring up all over the country, which have given employment to thousands of hitherto idle workmen and afforded them an opportunity to raise themselves from the level of common Mexican peon and make mechanics, machinists, engineers and skilled artisans out of themselves, and it has afforded Mexico an opportunity to produce on her own soil such articles as these gold standard countries refuse to sell her, except at an enormous premium of 80 to 100 per cent, and she is silently taking advantage of it.

Has Mexico been clambering for a recognition of an international metal ratio with our countries? No. She quietly goes on in her march progress and sells these gold standard countries more of her products than ever and buys less of theirs, and all this on a silver basis. Her mines are being opened. Smelters and mills are being erected, to market her lead iron, copper, silver and gold and her already great railroad system is being expanded to connect the Atlantic with the Pacific. Even such wealth and shrewd American corporations as the great "Calumet and Hecla" Mining Company, with their forty five millions controlled by an English syndicate, after paying dividends of a like amount, are now seeking to invest the bulk of this enormous capital in Mexico.

Does the New York World call this a picture of misery and despair?

Now, as to prices of living, rent, &c., under the silver standard. A first class hotel room can be had at the Jordan, Iturbide or Guardiola three of the leading hotels in the city, at \$1.50 per day and meals at their respective restaurants at \$1.50 per day, or \$1 per day by the month. Cabs, of which there are three classes, the first, blue sign, \$1 per hour; the second red, at seventy five cents per hour, and the third yellow, at fifty cents per hour, and everybody who has got more sense than money takes a yellow bird and pays fifty cents an hour as per tariff rates, conspicuously posted in every cab.

Sugar, flour, corn, milk, eggs, meat, coffee, and all similar articles produced in Mexico cost about the same as in New York, dollar for dollar. Sugar, for instance, cost eight cents a pound. On canned goods and all staples imported from the States and other gold standard countries, if people here prefer them to home products, of course they have got to pay the freight, duty and gold premium.

In another question the World says that it cost the Mexican laborer more to live than it cost the laborer

in the United States. His wages on an average are lower, but I will prove to you that it cost him less and that he lives better.

The bread in Mexico is the "tortilla," made of corn. For 1 cent the laborer can get three hot tortillas the size of a big American pan-cake, enough for a meal. This tortilla is by no means to be found on the table of the poor alone, but the rich and President Diaz has them served regularly. The bean comes next. The good wholesome, nutritious, brown "frijole," cooked in any style, the laborer can get all he can eat for 2 cents. This is the potato of Mexico, and everybody eats them, including foreigners, and they wind up the meal at every hotel and restaurant in the city. For 3 cents the laborer gets enough meat to cook a fine soup (soup) seasoned with vegetables and rice (caldos) and after he has consumed that and wishes to be extravagant, 2 cents' worth of fruit will fill him up.

Coffee and milk are as cheap as in the States, but the laborer prefers and drink pulque, the national drink of the country, and found on the table of the poor and rich alike. It is a medicinal beverage of inestimable value in kidney diseases. For 1 cent a large glass, and if the laborer feels like getting on a spree five glasses will put him to sleep for twenty four hours. Put three glasses in front of a Mexican, one of pulque at 1 cent, one of beer at 10 cents, and one of champagne at \$1, and ask him to help himself and take his choice, and he will jump in at the pulque every time. He needs no luxuries imported from gold countries at 85 per cent premium and wants none. Thus for 13 cents the laborer in Mexico can get a good wholesome food meal and a jag thrown in, which the laborer couldn't get in the States for \$13.

Will the New York World volunteer to publish this for the benefit of American laborers? Will it take facts and figures from the American business men in Mexico, who are on the ground and know whereof they speak or do they prefer articles from the Minister to Columbia, who holds his tenure under a gold standard administration at Washington, and dare not speak the truth and uphold the silver cause? Let us hope not. The greatest American newspaper says it is open to argument and invites discussion from the people of the common ranks on this great question of the day, and must and will publish the truth, and we firmly believe and predict that before the campaign has progressed much further, the World will be found on the side of the people pulling for Bryan and the platform he represents, not only in support of the silver doctrine but demanding as that platform, that the wealthy as well as the poor shall bear the just burdens of our great government by paying an income tax on a basis of equity and equality, and thereby avert an impending conflict greater and probably more dangerous than the threatened conflict with England over Venezuela, that timely interposition of the World's great power and influence for conciliatory stilled and bolstered, and may continue to permit its great voice of thunder in opposition to trust and monopolies which never have and never will gain a foothold on Mexican soil.

OTTO HECKLEMAN.

## No Gripe

When you take Hood's Pills. The big, old-fashioned, sugar-coated pills, which tear you all to pieces, are not in it with Hood's. Easy to take

## Hood's Pills

and easy to operate, is true of Hood's Pills, which are up to date in every respect. Safe, certain and sure. All druggists. See C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass. The only Pills to take with Hood's Sarsaparilla.

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NO. 1000

W. P. ALKHO N.

W. P. ALKHO N.

## Scott's Emulsion

of Cod-liver Oil with Hypophosphites, can be taken as easily in summer as in winter. Unlike the plain oil it is palatable, and the hypophosphites that are in it aid in digestion and at the same time tone up the system.

For sickly, delicate children, and for those whose lungs are affected, it is a mistake to leave it off in the summer months. The dose may be reduced if necessary.

We recommend the small size especially for summer use, and for children, where a smaller dose is required.

It should be kept in a cool place after it is once opened.

For sale at 50c. and \$1.00 by all druggists.

Ripans Tablets cure flatulence.  
Ripans Tablets cure dyspepsia.  
Ripans Tablets cure nausea.  
Ripans Tablets at druggists.  
Ripans Tablets cure headache.  
Ripans Tablets.  
Ripans Tablets cure dizziness.  
Ripans Tablets cure bad breath.

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Best Material,  
Neatest Print,  
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No matter what you want,  
Let us make you an estimate  
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Subscribe  
For THE NEWS.

## PUBLIC SALE OF GRAHAM FURNACE COMPANY'S PROPERTY.

By virtue of a decree of the circuit court of Tazewell county, Virginia, entered in the chancery cause of The Fidelity Insurance, Trust and Safe Deposit Company, trustee, and others, suing for themselves and all other persons and corporations who are holders of the first mortgage bonds of the Graham Furnace Company, who choose to be represented in said suit and contribute to the costs in respect of plaintiffs, vs. Charles E. Furnace Company, defendant, the undersigned, as commissioner appointed for the purpose, will, on the 23rd day of August, 1896, on the premises of the defendant, the Graham Furnace Company, in or near the town of Graham, in Tazewell county, State of Virginia, offer for sale to the highest and best bidder or bidders, at public auction, the following property of the defendant, the Graham Furnace Company (which property was conveyed in trust by the defendant, the Graham Furnace Company to The Fidelity Insurance, Trust and Safe Deposit Company, on the first day of December, 1890, for the purpose of securing the payment of the bonds therein mentioned, which deed of trust is of record in Tazewell county, Virginia, in deed book No. 31, pages 274 to 290 inclusive, and to which reference is made for a full description of the property to be sold), to-wit:

(1) All that certain tract of land, situate on the headwaters of Bluestone river, adjoining the lands of R. P. Harman and others, and containing ninety-nine and sixty-five one-hundredths (99.65) acres.

(2) All that certain tract of land, situate on the headwaters of Bluestone river, adjoining the lands of R. P. Harman and others, and containing ninety-nine and sixty-five one-hundredths (99.65) acres.

(3) All that certain tract of land, situate on the headwaters of Bluestone river, adjoining the lands of R. P. Harman and others, and containing ninety-nine and sixty-five one-hundredths (99.65) acres.

(4) Two undivided sixth parts of all the iron ores and iron mines in, on, and underlying all or any of the above parcels of land, situate on the headwaters of the north fork of Clinch river, and containing six hundred (600) acres, more or less, together with certain timber, mining rights, privileges, &c.

Together with the furnace, all structures, buildings, cars, machinery, and fixtures, wharves, docks and implements, owned by the said Graham Furnace Company, thereon erected, therein contained, or used in connection therewith.

And all and singular the ways, passages, waters, water courses, easements, rights, liberties, privileges, hereditaments, and appurtenances thereto belonging; and all the corporate rights and franchises of the said company, now owned, held or acquired, including its franchise to be a corporation.

TERMS OF SALE.  
The property above mentioned will be sold on the following terms:

Five Thousand Dollars (\$5,000.00) cash, and balance in one and two years, equal installments, with interest from date of sale, and for said deferred installments purchaser or purchasers will be required to execute bonds with good personal security.

May 16, 1896.

A. J. MAY, Commissioner.

J. H. Bane Harman, clerk of the circuit court of Tazewell county, in the State of Virginia, do certify that the bond required of the commissioner in the above notice of sale, has been duly executed.

Given under my hand, the 16th day of May, 1896.

H. BANE HARMAN, Clerk.

may 23-8m.

## THE NEW YORK WORLD,

Thrice-a-Week Edition.

18 Pages a Week 156 Papers a Year

Is larger than any weekly or semi-weekly paper published and is the only important Democratic "weekly" published in New York City. Three times as large as the leading Republican weekly of New York City. It will be of especial advantage to you during the Presidential Campaign, as it is published every other day, except Sunday and has all the freshness and timeliness of a daily. It combines all the news with a long list of interesting departments, unique features, cartoons and graphic illustrations, the latter being a specialty.

All these improvements have been made without any increase in the cost, which remains at one dollar per year. We offer this unequalled newspaper and the CLINCH VALLEY NEWS together one year for \$1.50.

The regular subscription price of the two papers is \$2.00.

## THE SINGER

is well named. Its easy running is delightful. The operator will always sing at her work, and arise from the machine singing instead of frowning and seething with a pain in the back and shoulders.

## THE OLD RELIABLE

leads them all. Sold on monthly pay.

W. P. ALKHO N., Tazewell, Va.

VIRGINIA:—In the Clerk's office of Tazewell Circuit court, July 23d, 1896.

W. D. Hill and Mary A. Hill, his wife, vs.

Elizabeth J. Taber and als.

Petition filed in Chancery Cause of Elizabeth J. Taber vs. Elgan Marrs and als, now pending in Tazewell Circuit Court.

The object of the above petition is to prevent Elizabeth J. Taber from obtaining the legal title to the tract of land in said petition and in the bill in the cause in which it is filed fully mentioned and described and to rest the legal title in said land in the petitioner and als.

And it appearing from affidavit on file in said office that Elgan Marrs, William Marrs, Charles Marrs, George Marrs, Sarah Rolena, Mary Bailey, Nancy Waggoner, Eliza Flowers, Margaret Marrs and Julia Marrs are non-residents of the State of Virginia, it is ordered that they appear on the 1st day of August term, 1896, of Tazewell Circuit Court and do what is necessary to protect their interest in this matter and that copies hereof be published and posted as prescribed by law.

A copy—Teste:

H. BANE HARMAN, Clerk.

Fulton & Coulling, p. q.

Happy and content is a home with "The Roschester," a lamp with the light of the morning.

Catalogues, write Rochester Lamp Co., New York.